HOT Evidence

Cognitive Interventions for Adults With Traumatic Brain Injury

Why This Matters

- Occupational performance deficits associated with cognitive impairment are common following traumatic brain injury (TBI).
- Across the range of mild to severe TBI the most frequently occurring cognitive impairments are in information processing speed, memory, and executive functions.
- Severity of occupational performance deficits following TBI are associated with both time since injury and injury severity.

Improving Cognition

Evidence-Based Interventions

Cognitive Remediation

Strategy Training

Intervention



Intervention

Self-awareness training (group or virtual reality-based)

Self-awareness and executive function

Outcome



Problem-solving training, or cognitive behavioral therapy plus computer-based cognitive rehabilitation

Improve symptoms and increase attention



Virtual reality alone or in combination with traditional intervention



Long duration cognitive computer training and T'ai Chi

Executive functions, pre-driving skills, memory, word fluency, life satisfaction

Physical functioning



Technology for strategy training



Error-based learning for task/habit training



Habit-based errorless learning



Automated prompting systems

Improved sleep, achievement of functional goals, and reduction in memory failures (mild TBI)

Outcome

Self-awareness and behavioral competence (severe TBI)

Improving functional performance (severe memory impairments)

Successful performance of morning routines and cooking tasks

Find the Evidence

Visit https://research.aota.org/ajot to review the Systematic Review Briefs on this topic

